

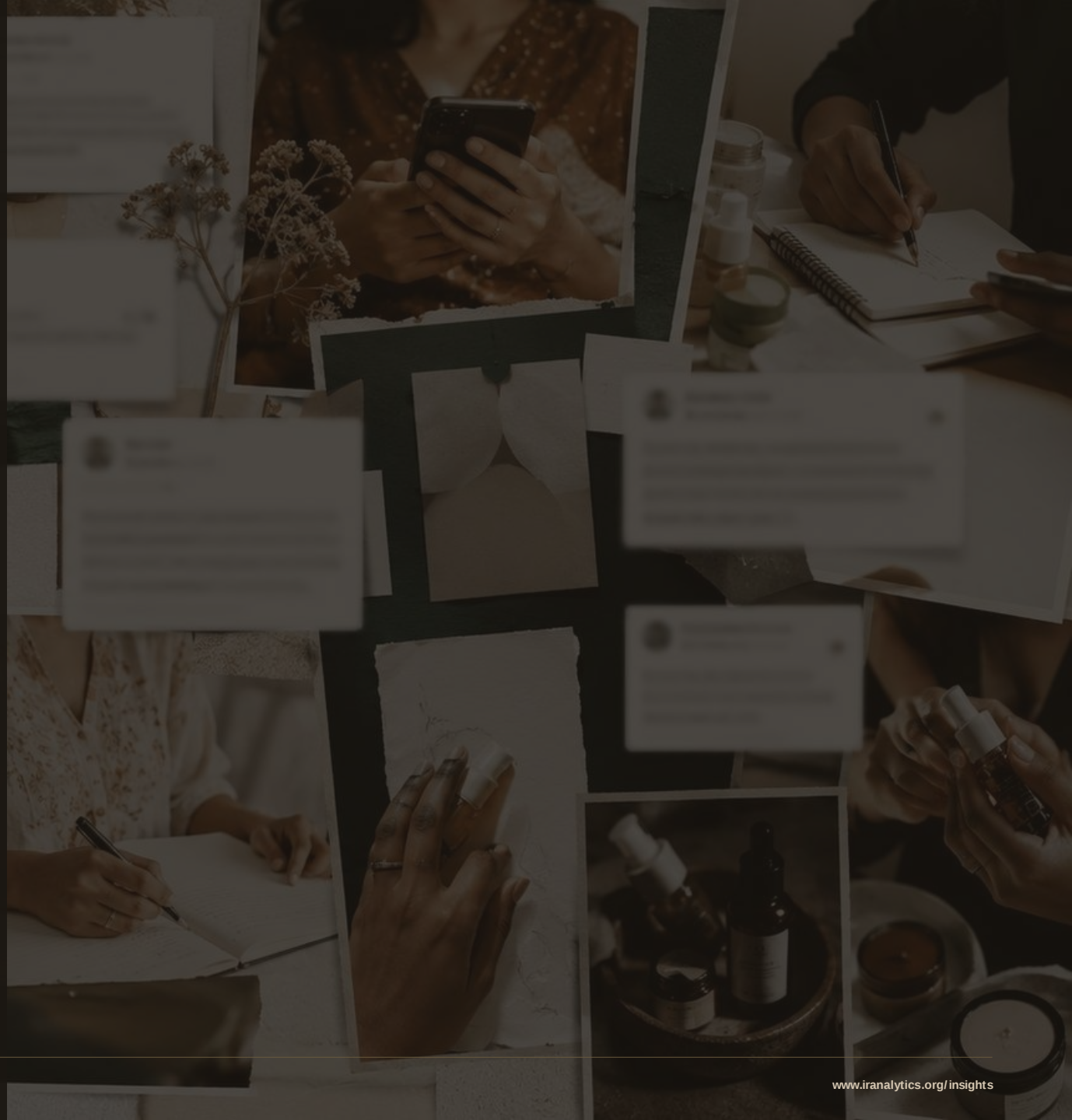


IRA INSIGHTS · PJ AURA

How Indian consumers decide which skincare brands to trust

A 12-IDI qualitative study on D2C beauty discovery, verification, first purchase and repeat behaviour.

The feed wins attention. The bathroom decides loyalty.



Trust is not built once. It is tested four times.

01 Attention is borrowed

Instagram, creators and ads create the first candidate list.

02 Trust is verified

Consumers move to reviews, YouTube, friends, AI and ingredients.

03 Trial is de-risked

Different fears need different risk reducers.

04 Loyalty is experienced

Repeat depends on skin response, texture and routine fit.



From what consumers claim to what they actually check.

12

depth interviews

30–40 min

1-on-1 Zoom

D2C BPC

recent online buyers

Stimulus

evidence vs aspiration

The guide deliberately avoided asking about “trust” directly. Respondents reconstructed real buying episodes; the analysis decoded where belief formed or broke.

The D2C skincare path is not a funnel. It is a trial of evidence.

01

Discovery

"This looks interesting"

Feed, creator, ad, friend

02

Evaluation

"Can I believe this?"

Reviews, ingredients, AI, Reddit

03

First purchase

"Is the risk small enough?"

Sale, sample, similar-skin proof

04

Repeat

"Did it earn a place?"

Skin response, texture, routine fit

The strongest brands reduce work at every stage — not just at checkout.



FINDING 1 · DISCOVERY

Discovery creates a candidate, not a customer.

Instagram, creators and ads repeatedly appeared as awareness triggers. But nearly every serious purchase story moved outside the first source before money was spent.

Feed

Friend

YouTube

Reviews

AI /Tools

Brand implication: do not over-invest in awareness if the next verification layer is weak.

FINDING 2 · INFLUENCER CREDIBILITY

Consumers do not reject sponsorship. They reject performance.

- 01 **Consistency over time**
same product appears across routine videos
- 02 **Balanced criticism**
creator praises and rejects products openly
- 03 **Proof of use**
finished packs, worn packaging, follow-up results
- 04 **Community check**
comments from real profiles and similar skin types

The credibility unit is no longer “influencer”. It is pattern of use.



After discovery, consumers build their own evidence system.

Brand page

claims, price, ingredient list

Marketplace

Nykaa / Amazon ratings and reviews

Creator archive

routine videos, follow-ups, criticism

Peer/family

similar skin, known experience

Tools

ChatGPT, Google, INCIDecoder, Reddit

Self-test

patch test, sample, first application

This is why weak product pages leak sales: they push consumers into longer, messier verification loops.

"Clinically tested" has become the bottom rung of proof.

Claim

clinically tested, clean, derma recommended

Specificity

pH, %, concentration, non-comedogenic, fragrance-free

External validation

YouTube lab tests, creator critique, marketplace reviews

Personal relevance

skin type, age, climate, texture, routine fit

Experience

visible result, no reaction, repeatable performance

Generic claims do not persuade informed buyers; they trigger further checking.



FINDING 5 · PRODUCT-PAGE STIMULUS

Evidence-led pages won when they reduced checking effort.

What was rewarded

ingredient %, pH, skin-type clarity, recent reviews, realistic claims

What created friction

unfamiliar ingredient names, vague “all skin types”, high price without explanation

What changed the answer

personal ingredient compatibility could beat a cheaper evidence-led option

The page does not need to look scientific. It needs to answer the buyer's next doubt.

The real question is not “is this proven?” It is “will this work for my skin?”

- Skin type oily, dry, combination, sensitive, acne-prone
- Climate & routine Odisha heat, hostel life, makeup, dance/gym
- Known triggers Vitamin C irritation, fragrance, heavy texture, white cast
- Life stage students, early-career buyers, mature skin concerns

Proof only becomes persuasive when it connects to a personal condition.



There is no single first-purchase risk.

Money risk

Will I waste my budget?

sales, coupons, affordable entry pack

Skin risk

Will it damage my skin?

patch test, sample, similar-skin reviews

Credibility risk

Is the claim real?

external reviews, ingredient checks

Fit risk

Will it fit my routine?

texture, absorption, climate, makeup compatibility

Trial sizes, discounts and reviews work only when they match the risk being felt.

Samples are useful. But they are not always the answer.

Hesitation	Most effective reducer seen in IDIs	Why it works
Price uncertainty	sale / coupon / cost-per-use logic	lowers loss anxiety
Skin reaction fear	patch test / mini / friend with similar skin	creates safer first contact
Shade or texture doubt	similar-tone creator / real application video	makes result imaginable
Premium price doubt	ingredient rationale + expected outcome	justifies why it costs more

The same tactic can fail with one buyer and unlock another because the underlying fear is different.



The second purchase is won in the bathroom, not the inbox.

Across stories of loyalty, repeat came from visible results, lightweight feel, no side effects, routine convenience and unchanged formulation — not from brand noise.

visible result

texture

no reaction

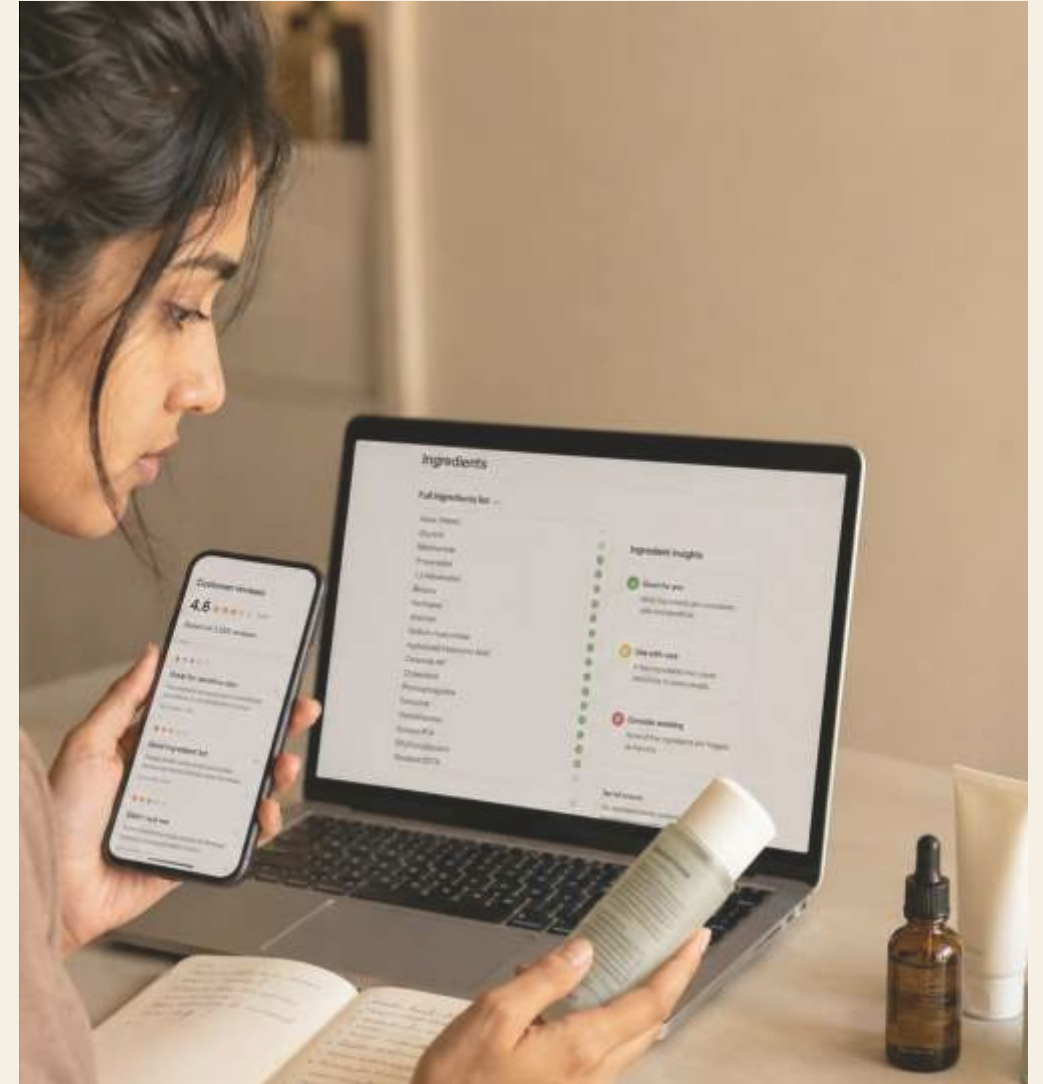
routine fit

CRM can remind. Only experience can retain.

One bad skin reaction can erase an entire brand.

- ✗ **Breakouts / redness** the fastest route to permanent avoidance
- ✗ **Sticky / heavy texture** kills routine fit even when claims are attractive
- ✗ **Fragrance / irritation** especially damaging for sensitive-skin buyers
- ✗ **Over-promising** when “tan removal” or “all skin types” fails in use
- ✗ **Quality or formula change** more dangerous than a moderate price increase

Beauty churn is not always passive. Sometimes it is a protective response.



Trusted products can survive price. They rarely survive betrayal.

Elastic

Can tolerate 20–30% price increase if the product still works

Can rationalize premium through cost-per-use or visible result

Can switch non-core products when comparable alternatives exist

Price is negotiable after proof. Safety and consistency are not.

Non-negotiable

Cannot tolerate formula change that damages skin

Cannot forgive falsified claims or weak safety history

Cannot justify premium price without personal-fit proof

Ingredient literacy has escaped the “skintellectual” niche.

The verifier

checks ingredients, reviews, tools and creators before buying

The routine loyalist

sticks to proven products and resists experimentation

The risk survivor

has been damaged before; scans for triggers first

The deal-enabled explorer

will try new products when price risk drops

The practical split is less about knowledge and more about how much risk the buyer is managing.



Move from persuasion assets to verification assets.

Ingredient explainer

what it is, why it matters, who should avoid it

Skin-type proof

reviews, creators and claims filtered by actual skin need

Claim evidence

pH, concentration, safety status, method, realistic timeline

Risk reducer

sample, discount, patch-test guide, return confidence

Post-use loop

feedback, reminders only when relevant, formulation continuity

If the consumer is going to verify anyway, the brand should design the route — not hide from it.

Six moves for D2C beauty brands after PJ Aura.

- | | | | |
|----|---|----|---|
| 01 | Write claims like a skeptic will check them. | 04 | Create different risk reducers for different hesitation points. |
| 02 | Use creators as long-term evidence partners, not campaign media. | 05 | Treat formulation consistency as a retention asset. |
| 03 | Show proof by skin type, climate and texture — not generic benefit. | 06 | Replace noisy CRM with useful replenishment and feedback moments. |

The next advantage in D2C beauty will come from reducing consumer doubt, not increasing content volume.





IRA INSIGHTS · SECTOR INTELLIGENCE

PJ Aura turns consumer doubt into a brand-building map.

For D2C beauty brands, the challenge is not just to be discovered. It is to survive verification, reduce first-purchase risk and earn repeat through experience.

Insightful Research & Analytics

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